

1. David's Rebellion 2 Sam 11

Saw Bathsheba bathing Pv 6:25

His great sins (REF EXODUS 20)

1. Coveted neighbors wife (#10)
2. Committed adultery (#7)
3. Uriah – Bore false witness (#9)
 - a. Plan A- gave gifts, go sleep with your wife
 - b. Plan B- get Uriah drunk to go sleep with his wife
4. Committed murder (#6)
 - a. Plan C – have him murdered
5. No other gods- set himself above God's law (#1) He *knows* God's laws.

2. Nathan's Rebuke 2 Sam 12:1-11

The story of an innocent lamb. → "YOU ARE THE MAN!"

3. David's Repentance 2 Sam 12:12-15

True repentance will lead to hearing this:

I have sinned against the Lord. v13;

Against you, and you only, have I sinned and
done what is evil in your sight. Ps 51:4

Parents – re tell the story of David, Bathsheba, Uriah and Nathan in an age appropriate way. Pick a few topics here to talk about from the story.

1. Coveting is a serious sins (David with Uriah and Bathsheba).
2. Covering up sin makes it worse.
3. We need to be willing to honestly evaluate ourselves and our sins, heeding righteous rebukes when they come.
4. We should confess and repent of our sins, and then receive the grace of God forgiveness.
5. Sin can bring terrible consequences, even after forgiveness is granted, upon ourselves and others.
6. God does not ignore sin. Rather, He disciplines those He loves.
7. God values obedience and our faith in Him.
8. God can use anyone and any circumstance for His good purposes.

Discussion/ Application

1. What did Nathan appeal to in helping David see his sin? How may this be a helpful way to lovingly confront a brother or sister if needed?
2. Talk about what is meant by ‘the sin beneath the sin’? Why should it be considered rebellion against God?
3. What would be an example of a sin that is in fact rebellion against God (knowing the right thing to do but continuing in sin)? Think about roles- marriage, relationships, parenting, serving, outreach, purity etc.
4. What is one of the genuine markers of repentance? (2 Sam 12:13, Ps 51:4)
5. How could say “the Lord has put away your sin “ to David? How does this connect the gospel then and now?
6. Has your view of a particular sin changed or been thought about differently as a result of studying 2 SAM 12:13-14? In what way?